

Supplemental Table 1. Baseline characteristics of diabetic subjects according to the use of lipid-lowering agents

| Characteristic | Lipid-lowering agent non-user (n=342) | Lipid-lowering agent user $(n=297)$ | P value |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| Age, yr ^a | 55.11±11.55 | 60.20 ± 9.95 | < 0.001 |
| BMI, kg/m ² | 25.21 ± 3.80 | 25.89 ± 3.46 | NS |
| WC, cm ^a | 86.41 ± 9.49 | 89.29 ± 9.33 | < 0.001 |
| WHR ^a | 0.90 ± 0.06 | 0.92 ± 0.05 | < 0.001 |
| Glucose at 0 min, mg/dL | 137.65 ± 46.66 | 132.86±44.77 | NS |
| Glucose at 90 min, mg/dL | 238.78 ± 86.12 | 237.94±79.21 | NS |
| A1c, % | 7.59 ± 1.73 | 7.65 ± 1.33 | NS |
| C-peptide at 0 min, µg/L | 2.52 ± 4.69 | 2.58 ± 1.38 | NS |
| C-peptide at 90 min, μg/L | 6.79 ± 3.16 | 7.19 ± 6.04 | NS |
| Insulin at 0 min, $\mu IU/mL^b$ | 8.00 (1.00-58.49) | 9.25 (2.32-81.76) | 0.002 |
| Insulin at 90 min, $\mu IU/mL$ | 53.22 (3.23-350.00) | 50.88 (2.77-81.76) | NS |
| Cholesterol, mg/dL ^a | 190.20 ± 43.05 | 164.84±76.87 | < 0.001 |
| TG at 0 min, mg/dL | 125.00 (39.00-2,010.00) | 125.50 (33.00-1,159.00) | NS |
| TG at 90 min, mg/dL | 153.00 (37.00-2,220.00) | 152.50 (42.00-1,072.00) | NS |
| HDL-C ^a | 70.17 ± 38.35 | 56.96±27.82 | < 0.001 |
| LDL-C ^a | 89.94 ± 42.88 | 74.90 ± 35.23 | < 0.001 |
| HOMA-IR ^c | 2.50 (0.25-25.44) | 2.87 (0.38-44.61) | 0.011 |
| $HOMA-\beta^b$ | 46.69 (3.85-586.44) | 53.68 (-1522.00-2,433.60) | 0.004 |
| IGI | 8.31 (-334.89-475.65) | 7.20 (-640.80-1,251.00) | NS |
| T2D, % | 79 | 91 | |

Subjects were further classified into 2 groups according to drug history (lipid-lowering agent non-user group and lipid-lowering agent user group). The patients' demographic and laboratory data are summarized in Supplemental Table 1. Among the enrolled subjects, 50% and 27% of the T2D and IFG patients have taken lipid-lowering drugs, respectively. Total cholesterol, HDL-C, and LDL-C were significantly higher in subjects in the lipid-lowering agent non-user group. WC, WHR, and HOMA-IR were statistically lower in the lipid-lowering agent non-user group. Fasting and postprandial glucose and TG were not different between the 2 groups.

BMI, body mass index; NS, not significant; WC, waist circumference; WHR, waist/hip ratio; TG, triglyceride; HDL-C, high density lipoprotein cholesterol; LDL-C, low density lipoprotein cholesterol; HOMA-IR, homeostatic model assessment of insulin resistance; HOMA- β , homeostatic model assessment of pancreatic β -cell function; IGI, insulinogenic index, T2D, type 2 diabetes; IFG, impaired fasting glucose. $^aP \le 0.001$, $^bP \le 0.01$, $^cP \le 0.05$.