



Supplementary Fig. 1. Spectral domain optical coherence tomography automatic segmentation of retinal layers in the peripapillary area (A, B, C) and macula (D, E). (A, D) Fundus photograph of a representative subject. (B) Cross sectional image of the peripapillary area. The peripapillary retinal nerve fiber layer (RNFL, arrow) was automatically segmented by the embedded software. (C) Mean pRNFL thickness was evaluated globally and separately for the superior, temporal, nasal, and inferior peripapillary sectors. (E) The ganglion cell-inner plexiform layer (GC-IPL, arrow) thickness was obtained from the macular cube scan using the same method. TEMP, temporal; SUP, superior; NAS, nasal; INF, inferior.